

# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/981,440	10/16/2001	Michael Greenstein	10004416	5699
	10/06/2004		EXAM	INER
AGILENT TECHNOLOGIES, INC.			LAM, ANN Y	
Legal Department, DL429 Intellectual Property Administration			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
P.O. Box 7599			1641	
Loveland, CO 80537-0599			DATE MAILED: 10/06/2004	*

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/981,440	GREENSTEIN ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Ann Y. Lam	1641			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from b. cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. 8 133)			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 Ju	uly 2004 and 02 February 2004.				
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.				
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-18 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) 19 is/are withdrawn f 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-18 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	rom consideration.	į.			
Application Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the		• •			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex		• •			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No d in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary ( Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:				

Art Unit: 1641

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Election/Restrictions

Claim 18 is withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made without traverse in the reply filed on February 2, 2004.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-7 and 10-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Austin et. al., 6,203,683.

Austin et al. disclose an array of temperature-controlled zones (see column 3, lines 22-24) comprising reactants;

Art Unit: 1641

and an array of heat source (i.e., an array of trapping electrodes, column 7, lines 23-26) wherein the array of heat sources is positioned to correspond to the array of temperature-controlled zones and regulates temperature I the zones.

As to claim 2, the array of heat source comprises electromagnetic radiation emitters (see column 3, lines 22-24, and column 8, lines 5-15).

As to claim 3, the electromagnetic radiation emitters comprise vertical cavity surface emitting laser light sources (see column 8, lines 5-15.)

As to claims 4 and 5, the vertical cavity surface emitting laser light sources transmit infrared light through the reactants (see column 8, lines 5-15, and column 8, lines 35-39.)

As to claim 6, the electromagnetic radiation emitters comprises a light emitting diode, an infrared lamp, an infrared laser or infrared diode laser (see column 8, lines 5-15 and column 8, lines 35-39.)

As to claim 7, the electromagnetic radiation emitters in the array of heat sources generates infrared light of a different wavelength (see column 8, lines 5-15.)

As to claim 10, the array of heat sources comprises internal heat generators (see column 3, lines 11-14 and lines 20-24.)

As to claim 11, the internal heat generators comprise resistive heaters inductive heaters or Peltier heaters (see column 2, lines 44-46, and column 8, lines 6-15.)

As to claim 12, an array of electrical leads correspond with the second array of internal heat generators (see column 3, lines 20-24.)

Art Unit: 1641

As to claim 13, the array of heat sources comprises external heaters (see column 3, lines 20-24 and column 8, lines 10-16.)

As to claim 14, a power supply is disclosed (see column 8, lines 4-9.)

As to claim 15, a controller (see column 8, lines 4-9) coupled to said power supply for controlling the drive current is disclosed.

As to claim 16, the controller modulates the power supply based on a temperature measured from the temperature-controlled zones (see column 8, lines 4-9, and column 11, lines 7-21.)

As to claim 17, an array of temperature monitors is positioned to correspond to the array of temperature controlled zones (see column 11, lines 7-21, and column 3, lies 20-24.)

As to claim 18, said reactants comprise assay elements for body fluid analysis (col. 2, lines 40-44.)

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 8 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Austin et. al., 6,203,683.

Art Unit: 1641

Austin et al. disclose the invention substantially as claimed, except for the light sources generating infrared light with a wavelength of at least .775 micrometers, or at most 7000 micrometers.

Austin et al. teach that polymerase chain reaction for nucleic acid amplification involves heating and controlling the temperature of the apparatus (see column 1, lines 55-59.) Austin et al. also teach that heating could be achieved by infrared light sources shining directly on the chip (see column 8, lines 13-15), and the embodiments discussed are not considered as limiting the scope of the invention and that modifications and variations of the embodiments are possible without departing from the invention and that equivalents of the invention may be practiced (see column 12, line 62 – column 13, line 5.) Thus, it would have been obvious that the infrared light sources disclosed by Austin et al. (see column 8, lines 13-15) include infrared light sources that are capable of emitting wavelengths as claimed by Applicant, since these infrared light sources would not depart from the invention in that they are infrared lights sources that would provide the necessary heating of the reactants.

Alternatively, since Austin teaches that it is desirable to heat reactants, for purposes such as nucleic acid amplification, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to provide light sources that are capable of generating the infrared light at the claimed wavelengths, as would be necessary for providing adequate heating for the reactants.

Art Unit: 1641

### Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed February 2, 2004 with respect to the above rejected claims have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues on page 14 that Austin an array of one or more additional trapping electrodes within a single microfluidic channel, and that this however does not teach an array of heat sources, wherein the array of heat sources is positioned to correspond to the array of temperature-controlled zones as claimed by Applicant.

Examiner would like to emphasize that Applicant has not defined the claimed zones such that it would be different from the channels in Austin. In other words, Applicant has not defined the temperature-controlled zones in the claims such that it precludes the claimed zones from being in the same channel.

Moreover, even if the temperature-controlled zones in Applicant's claims require that each zone be in a different channel, Applicant's claims still do not overcome Austin. In other words, the Austin device teaches a different heat source in a different microfluidic channel, contrary to Applicant's assertion. That is, even if the heat sources (such as that at reference 18 in figure 1), being positioned perpendicular to the microchannels (16), each extend into each microchannel, nevertheless each microchannel has a heat source that is different from the heat source in the adjacent microchannel.

### Conclusion

Art Unit: 1641

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ann Y. Lam whose telephone number is 571-272-0822. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Sat 11-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Long Le can be reached on 571-272-0823. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

A.L.

CHRISTOPHER L. CHIN PRIMARY EXAMINER GROUP 1800/4//